Accountants' Reports and Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Montezuma District (Mancos) School District RE-6 Mancos, Colorado 81328

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Montezuma District (Mancos) School District RE-6 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Montezuma District (Mancos) School District RE-6, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Lunch Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District Pension Contributions, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District OPEB Contributions, and Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Montezuma District (Mancos) School District RE-6's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Integrity Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules, Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Integrity Report and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules, Colorado Department of Education Auditors' Integrity Report and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 14, 2021, on our consideration of the Montezuma District (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Montezuma District (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Majors and Haley, P.C.

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September 14, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the District in fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased by \$1,599,556 from \$14,028,855 to \$15,628,411.
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$4,806,656 in revenue or 75 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,614,366 or 25 percent of total revenues of \$6,421,022.
- ➤ Governmental activities total assets decreased by \$1,108,565 and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$983,077. Total liabilities decreased by \$269,112. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by 1,455,932.
- The District incurred \$4,821,466 in expenses related to government activities. \$1,614,366 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily state equalization and property taxes) of \$4,806,656 were adequate to cover all of the costs of these programs.
- ➤ Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$5,763,819 in revenues and \$5,323,830 in expenditures, including transfers. It's fund balance increased by \$439,989.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- > The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- > The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as instruction were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position (the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the District's financial position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

> To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are included in one category:

Governmental activities- All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, and administration. These activities are financed mainly through property taxes and state equalization funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, the District establishes other funds to help it manage and control its finances to achieve certain results.

The District uses one type of fund:

➢ Governmental funds- Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Total assets decreased by \$1,108,565. Net capital assets decreased by \$1,202,458. Total liabilities decreased by \$269,112.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The District's combined net position was larger on June 30, 2021 than it was at June 30, 2020, increasing by \$1,599,556 to \$15,628,411.

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2021 compared to 2020:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position (In millions)

	2	2021	2020
Assets Current assets Capital assets	\$	3.585 26.303	\$ 3.491 27.506
Total assets		29.888	30.997
Deferred outflows		1.896	0.913
Liabilities Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities		0.661 12.189	1.099 12.020
Total liabilities		12.850	13.119
Deferred inflows		3.306	4.762
Net Position Invested in capital Restricted Unrestricted		21.903 0.583 (6.858)	22.868 0.583 (9.422)
Total net position	\$	15.628	\$ 14.029

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2021 as compared to fiscal year 2020.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (In millions)

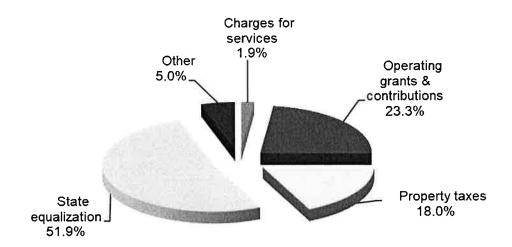
Revenues	2021	2020
Program revenues Charges for services	\$ 0.122	\$ 0.227
Operating grants & contributions	1.493	0.539
Capital grants & contributions	-	8.202
Property taxes	1.155	1.420
State equalization	3.332	3.723
Other	0.319	0.295
Total revenues	6.421	14.406
Expenses		
Instruction	1.882	2.269
Pupil and instructional services	0.198	0.299
Administration and business	0.429	0.621
Maintenance and operations	0.482	0.551
Transportation	0.160	0.189
Other	1.670	1.760
Total expenses	4.821	5.689
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ 1.600	\$ 8.717

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

State equalization, property taxes and operating grants and contributions accounted for most of the District's total revenue, with each contributing 51.9 percent, 18.0 percent and 23.3 percent respectively (See Table 3). The remainder of the revenue came from charges for services and miscellaneous sources.

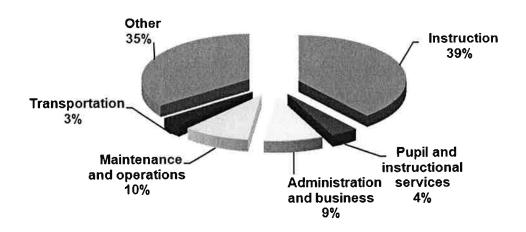
The District's expenses are predominately related to instruction, (39 percent) (See Table 4). The District's administrative and business activities accounted for 9 percent of total costs.

Table 3
Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Table 4
Expenses for Fiscal Year 2021



Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994 (SFA). Under the SFA the District received \$9,004 per funded student. In fiscal year 2021 the funded pupil count was 464.8. Funding for the SFA comes from property taxes, specific ownership taxes and state equalization. The District receives approximately 79 percent of this funding from state equalization while the remaining amounts come from property and specific ownership taxes.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those service costs. Table 5 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted state equalization and property taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Table 5 Government Activities (In millions)

		Cost rvices	Net C of Ser	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Instruction	\$ 1.882	\$ 2.269	\$ 0.677	\$ 1.835
Pupil and instructional services	0.198	0.299	0.191	0.204
Administration and business	0.429	0.621	0.429	0.621
Maintenance and operations	0.482	0.551	0.326	0.551
Transportation	0.160	0.189	0.137	0.048
Other	1.670	1.760	1.447	(6.538)
Total	\$ 4.821	\$ 5.689	\$ 3.207	\$ (3.279)

- > The cost of all governmental activities during the year was \$4.821 million.
- ➤ Some of the cost was financed by the users of the District's programs (\$.121 million)
- > Federal and state government subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$1.493 million).
- ➤ The balance of the District's costs (\$4.806 million) were financed by State and District taxpayers. This portion of governmental activities was financed with \$3.332 million in state equalization from the School Finance Act of 1994 (SFA) and \$1.249 million in property and specific ownership taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the District's major funds starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds have total revenues of \$6,421,022 and expenditures of \$5,931,182.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget by making an increase in appropriations.

- Increases in appropriations were due primarily to additional information that was not available at the time of the original budget.
- > Actual expenditures were \$2,441,082 below budget.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of fiscal year 2021, the District has invested \$34.162 million in land, buildings, and equipment (including vehicles).

Table 6 shows capital assets for 2021 compared to 2020:

Table 6 Capital Assets at June 30

	2021	2020
Land Buildings Equipment	\$ 0.652 32.222 1.288	\$ 0.652 32.222 1.281
Total	\$ 34.162	\$ 34.155

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 34 of this report.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District is not aware of any existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, parents, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6, 395 West Grand Avenue, Mancos, Colorado 81328.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Cash with county treasurer \$ 806,537 \$ 806,537 Cash with county treasurer 4,886 4,886 Investments 2,449,818 2,449,818 Grants accounts receivable 320,040 320,040 Inventory 3,280 3,280 Capital assets 3,162,186 34,162,186 Accumulated depreciation (7,858,946) (7,858,946) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 26,303,240 26,303,240 Total Assets 29,887,801 29,887,801 Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,867,080 1,867,080 Pension items 29,348 1,896,428 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,896,428 1,896,428 Liabilities 29,348 1,896,428 1,896,428 Liabilities 445,974 445,974 445,974 Grants deferred revenue 19,886 19,886 19,886 Long-term liabilities 19,896 19,896 19,896 Due within one year 4,205,375 4,205,375 4,205,375 Net OPEB obligation		Governmental Activities	Total
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Accrued salaries and benefits payable 445,974 445,974 Grants deferred revenue 19,886 19,886 Long-term liabilities 194,958 194,958 Due within one year 194,958 194,958 Due in more than one year 4,205,375 4,205,375 Net pension obligation 7,703,689 7,703,689 Net OPEB obligation 280,209 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 3,305,727 3,305,727 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,896,428	1,896,428
Accrued salaries and benefits payable 445,974 445,974 Grants deferred revenue 19,886 19,886 Long-term liabilities 194,958 194,958 Due within one year 194,958 194,958 Due in more than one year 4,205,375 4,205,375 Net pension obligation 7,703,689 7,703,689 Net OPEB obligation 280,209 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 3,305,727 3,305,727 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Liabilities		
Grants deferred revenue Long-term liabilities 19,886 19,886 Due within one year 194,958 194,958 Due in more than one year 4,205,375 4,205,375 Net pension obligation 7,703,689 7,703,689 Net OPEB obligation 280,209 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)		445 974	445 974
Long-term liabilities 194,958 194,958 Due within one year 4,205,375 4,205,375 Net pension obligation 7,703,689 7,703,689 Net OPEB obligation 280,209 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources 9ension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,305,727 3,305,727 Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	
Due within one year 194,958 194,958 Due in more than one year 4,205,375 4,205,375 Net pension obligation 7,703,689 7,703,689 Net OPEB obligation 280,209 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)		10,000	10,000
Due in more than one year 4,205,375 4,205,375 Net pension obligation 7,703,689 7,703,689 Net OPEB obligation 280,209 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,305,727 3,305,727 Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	The state of the s	194 958	194 958
Net pension obligation Net OPEB obligation 7,703,689 280,209 7,703,689 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items OPEB items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,305,727 3,305,727 Net investment in capital assets Restricted 21,902,907 21,902,907 TABOR Student activities 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)		·	
Net OPEB obligation 280,209 280,209 Total Liabilities 12,850,091 12,850,091 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 3,305,727 3,305,727 Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces Net Position 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	·		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces Net Position 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Total Liabilities	12,850,091	12,850,091
Pension items 3,187,775 3,187,775 OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces 3,305,727 3,305,727 Net Position 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Deferred Inflowe of Pasources		
OPEB items 117,952 117,952 Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces 3,305,727 3,305,727 Net Position 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)		3 187 775	3 187 775
Net Position 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Of EB items		
Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces	3,305,727	3,305,727
Net investment in capital assets 21,902,907 21,902,907 Restricted 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Not Desition		
Restricted TABOR 165,000 165,000 Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)		24 002 007	24 002 007
Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	21,902,907	21,902,907
Student activities 73,859 73,859 Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)		165,000	165,000
Debt service 341,128 341,128 Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)	Student activities	·	
Foods service 3,553 3,553 Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)			
Unrestricted (6,858,036) (6,858,036)			
Total Net Position \$ 15,628,411 \$ 15,628,411			•
	Total Net Position	\$ 15,628,411	\$ 15,628,411

MONTEZUMA COUNTY (MANCOS) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6 Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program Revenues					Revenue let Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmer Activities		Total
Governmental Activities							
Instructional Program Services Support Program Services	\$ 1,881,686	\$ 111,217	\$ 1,093,487		\$ (676,	,982) \$	(676,982)
Students	107,967		3,103		(104,	.864)	(104,864)
Instructional staff	90,033		3,500		•	533)	(86,533)
General administration	162,107		0,000		(162		(162,107)
School administration	200,854				(200		(200,854)
Business	66,380					380)	(66,380)
Operation and maintenance of plant	482,181		156,097			,084)	(326,084)
Student transportation	160,045		23,241		(136		(136,804)
Central	140,283		,		(140)		(140,283)
Other	19,637					,637)	(19,637)
Food service	182,836	10,644	213,077		•	.885	40,885
Interest on long-term debt	156,180	,	,		(156	,180)	(156,180)
Depreciation excluding amounts directly allocated to programs	1,171,277				(1,171	,277)	(1,171,277)
Total Governmental Activities	4,821,466	121,861	1,492,505	-	(3,207	,100)	(3,207,100)
Total School District	\$ 4,821,466	\$ 121,861	\$ 1,492,505	\$ -	(3,207	,100)	(3,207,100)
	General Reve	nues					
	Property tax	for general pu	irposes		801	,648	801,648
	Property tax t				352	,848	352,848
	Specific Own	ership tax for	general purpose	es	94	,735	94,735
	Intergovernm	ental					
	State Equa	lization			3,331	,461	3,331,461
	State Mitiga	ation			60	,605	60,605
	Mineral Lea	asing			27	,457	27,457
	Forest Sen	/ice				,203	15,203
	Earnings on i	nvestments				,358	8,358
	Miscellaneou	s			114	,341	114,341
	Total General	Revenues			4,806	,656	4,806,656
	Changes in N	et Position			1,599	,556	1,599,556
	Net Position B	eginning of th	e Year		14,028	,855	14,028,855
	Net Position	End of the Yo	еаг		\$ 15,628	,411 \$	15,628,411

MONTEZUMA COUNTY (MANCOS) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6 Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	_	General Fund	-	Lunch Fund	Student Activity Fund	=	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash Cash with county treasurer Investments Inventory Grants accounts receivable	\$	632,320 3,439 2,097,818 293,358	\$	15,941 3,280 26,682	\$ 89,215	\$	1,447 352,000	\$ 69,061	\$	806,537 4,886 2,449,818 3,280 320,040
Total Assets	\$	3,026,935	\$	45,903	\$ 89,215	\$	353,447	\$ 69,061	\$	3,584,561
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Accrued salaries and benefits payable Grants deferred revenue	\$	431,087 19,886	\$	14,887					\$	445,974 19,886
Total Liabilities		450,973		14,887	*		(+)			465,860
Fund Balances Nonspendable-inventory Restricted				3,280						3,280
TABOR Debt service Food service Student activities		165,000		27,736	\$ 89,215	\$	353,447			165,000 353,447 27,736 89,215
Unrestricted Assigned for FY 21 expenditures		2,410,962						\$ 69,061		2,480,023
Total Fund Balances	-	2,575,962		31,016	89,215		353,447	69,061		3,118,701
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,026,935	\$	45,903	\$ 89,215	\$	353,447	\$ 69,061	\$	3,584,561

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance Governmental Funds			\$ 3,118,701
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different	se		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.			
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$	34,162,186 (7,858,946)	26,303,240
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			26,303,240
Due within one year Due in more than one year		(194,958) (4,205,375)	(4,400,333)
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			(4,400,333)
Net pension obligation Net OPEB obligation		(7,703,689) (280,209)	(7,983,898)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resourced related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		1,867,080 29,348 (3,187,775) (117,952)	(1,409,299)
Total Net Position Governmental Activities			\$ 15,628,411

MONTEZUMA COUNTY (MANCOS) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General Fund	Lunch Fund	Student Activity Fund	_	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues					•	054540		Φ.	4.050.700
Taxes	\$	899,168			\$	354,540		\$	1,253,708
State sources		3,666,442	\$ 1,800						3,668,242
Federal sources		1,047,712	211,277						1,258,989
Earnings on investments		7,793	9	\$ 42		450	\$ 64		8,358
Other		142,704	17,014	72,007					231,725
Total Revenues	0	5,763,819	230,100	72,049		354,990	64		6,421,022
Expenditures									
Instructional Program Support Programs		3,061,437		56,693					3,118,130
Pupils		210,036							210,036
Instructional staff		140,445							140,445
General administration		234,094							234,094
School administration		386,942							386,942
Business		128,825							128,825
Operation and maintenance of plant		651,160					6,114		657,274
Student transportation		227,599					-,		227,599
Central		173,476							173,476
Other		19,637							19,637
Food service		10,007	240,938						240,938
Facilities acquisition			240,000						- 10,000
Debt Service									
		49,113				188,493			237,606
Principal		2,002				154,178			156,180
Interest		2,002							
Total Expenditures	-	5,284,766	240,938	56,693		342,671	6,114		5,931,182
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	_	479,053	(10,838)	15,356		12,319	(6,050)		489,840
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in (out)		(39,064)	30,000				9,064		<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(39,064)	30,000			(0)	9,064		= =
Net Change in Fund Balances		439,989	19,162	15,356		12,319	3,014		489,840
Fund Balances beginning of the year		2,135,973	11,854	73,859		341,128	66,047		2,628,861
Fund Balances end of the year	\$	2,575,962	\$ 31,016	\$ 89,215	\$	353,447	\$ 69,061	\$	3,118,701

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds		\$	489,840						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:									
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.									
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	6,800 (1,209,258)	(1,202,458)						
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.									
Principal paid on capital lease Principal paid on general obligation bonds	•	49,113 188,493	237,606						
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.			201,000						
District pension contributions District OPEB contributions Cost of pension benefits earned		579,649 29,730 1,469,006							
Cost of OPEB benefits earned	-	(3,817)	2,074,568						
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u> </u>	1,599,556						

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance
2		ed Amounts		Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues from local sources				
Current property taxes	\$ 791,038	\$ 792,778	\$ 801,648	
Specific ownership taxes	65,859	69,990	94,735	
Delinquent taxes and interest on taxes		2,434	2,785	
Earnings on investments	28,623	12,123	7,793	
Tuition	28,800	28,800	31,448	
Pupil Activity Fees	8,000	8,000	7,762	•
Other	73,776	58,552	103,494	44,942
Total revenues from local sources	996,096	972,677	1,049,665	76,988
Revenues from state sources				
State Equalization	3,360,683	3,312,125	3,331,461	19,336
State Mitigation			60,605	
Transportation	20,505	22,044	23,241	
English Language Proficiency Act	5,247	7,363	7,363	
State ELPA	6,161	8,247	8,247	
Read Grant	24,290	24,356	24,356	
Small Rural Schools		156,097	156,097	
Additional At Risk			3,103	
Child Care Relief		9,075	9,075	
Library Grant	4,500	3,500		
CE Expansion Grant		49,800		
Services within BOCES	8,557	9,430	9,480	50
Total revenues from state sources	3,429,943	3,602,037	3,666,442	3,800
Revenues from federal sources				
Title I	120,267	120,259		
Coronavirus Relief		348,819		
Title II Part A	21,085			
ESSER III		247,902		
ESSER II		210,924	207,089	
Title IV	10,000			
Forest Service	86,585			
Mineral Leasing	18,261	27,457		
CRF at Risk		14,382		
Cares Child Care		4,500		
REAP	29,312	33,738	33,738	
Total revenues from federal sources	285,510	1,054,225	1,047,712	(6,513)
Total revenues	4,711,549	5,628,939	5,763,819	74,275

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Budgeter		D		Variance		
Natruction Salaries \$1,775,915 \$1,911,009 \$1,884,853 \$26,156 Employee benefits 679,381 699,344 666,339 33,005 33,005 Purchased services Professional and technical 54,546 59,700 36,028 23,672 Property 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,013 Other 151,380 221,871 219,907 1,964 Supplies 147,327 156,946 102,229 54,717 Property 6,000 148,075 146,994 1,081 Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,013 Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,013 Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,064 1,081 Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,064 1,081 Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,081 Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,081 Other 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Other 2,820,300 55,446 53,176 2,270 Other 2,500 2,5				A atual	Favorable	
Salaries \$1,775,915 \$1,911,009 \$1,884,853 \$26,156 Employee benefits 679,381 699,344 666,339 33,005 Purchased services Professional and technical 54,546 59,700 36,028 23,672 Property 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,013 Other 151,380 221,871 219,907 1,964 Supplies 147,327 156,946 102,229 54,717 Property 6,000 148,075 146,994 1,081 Other 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils		Original_	<u> </u>	Actual	(Unlavorable)	
Employee benefits 679,381 699,344 666,339 33,005 Purchased services Professional and technical 54,546 59,700 36,028 23,672 Property 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,013 Other 151,380 221,871 219,907 1,964 Supplies 147,327 156,946 102,229 54,717 Property 6,000 148,075 146,994 1,081 Other 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Total instruction 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 3,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Professional staff Salaries 62,034						
Purchased services Frofessional and technical 54,546 59,700 36,028 23,672 Property 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,013 Other 151,380 221,871 219,907 1,964 Supplies 147,327 156,946 102,229 54,717 Property 6,000 148,075 146,994 1,081 Other 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services 7 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services 24,059 26,247 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>. ,</td>					. ,	
Professional and technical Property 54,546 59,700 36,028 23,672 Property Other 3,050 3,050 2,037 1,013 Supplies 151,380 221,871 219,907 1,964 Supplies 147,327 156,946 102,229 54,717 Property 6,000 148,075 146,994 1,081 Other 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 <td co<="" td=""><td></td><td>679,381</td><td>699,344</td><td>666,339</td><td>33,005</td></td>	<td></td> <td>679,381</td> <td>699,344</td> <td>666,339</td> <td>33,005</td>		679,381	699,344	666,339	33,005
Property Other 3,050 (2,037) (2,037) (1,013) 1,013 (2,037) (2		_				
Other 151,380 221,871 219,907 1,964 Supplies 147,327 156,946 102,229 54,717 Property 6,000 148,075 146,994 1,081 Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 - Total instruction 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical - - - Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services	Professional and technical		•		•	
Supplies 147,327 156,946 102,229 54,717 Property 6,000 148,075 146,994 1,081 Other 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	· ·	,	'	,	·	
Property Other 6,000 2,701 148,075 3,050 146,994 3,050 1,081 3,050 Total instruction 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Other	•	•			
Other 2,701 3,050 3,050 - Total instruction 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 250 Instructional staff 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Supplies	•	•	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Pupils 2,820,300 3,203,045 3,061,437 141,608 Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Property	6,000	•	•	1,081	
Pupils Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils Salaries 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Other	2,701	3,050	3,050	*	
Salaries 158,737 150,791 150,596 195 Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services 7 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Total instruction	2,820,300	3,203,045	3,061,437	141,608	
Employee benefits 64,390 55,446 53,176 2,270 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Pupils					
Purchased services	Salaries	158,737	150,791	•		
Professional and technical Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Employee benefits	64,390	55,446	53,176	2,270	
Other 1,500 1,500 60 1,440 Supplies 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Other 250 250 250 Total pupils Linstructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Purchased services					
Supplies Other 8,175 8,175 6,204 1,971 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical Other 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Professional and technical				::::	
Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Other	1,500	1,500	60	1,440	
Other 250 250 250 Total pupils 233,052 216,162 210,036 6,126 Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Supplies	8,175	8,175	6,204	1,971	
Instructional staff Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	, ,	250	250		250	
Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Total pupils	233,052	216,162	210,036	6,126	
Salaries 62,034 71,824 71,345 479 Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	Instructional staff					
Employee benefits 24,059 26,247 25,185 1,062 Purchased services Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916		62.034	71.824	71,345	479	
Purchased services 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916		•	•	•	1,062	
Professional and technical 25,000 37,450 34,735 2,715 Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916	• •	,	,		,	
Other 8,100 6,970 499 6,471 Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916		25.000	37.450	34,735	2,715	
Supplies 19,388 19,597 8,681 10,916		•	· ·	•		
Total instructional staff 138,581 162,088 140,445 21,643		•	•	8,681	•	
	Total instructional staff	138,581	162,088	140,445	21,643	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							ariance avorable
×	Orig		7.411	Final	65:	Actual		favorable)
General administration					-		0	
Salaries	\$ 9	5,000	\$	95,000	\$	100,850	\$	(5,850)
Employee benefits	28	3,461		28,461		29,708		(1,247)
Purchased services								
Professional and technical	29	9,803		98,873		68,989		29,884
Property	4.	2 255		26 275		13,946		12,429
Other		3,355 0,500		26,375 10,500		10,941		(441)
Supplies Other		0,060		10,060		9,660		400
Other								
Total general administration	19	0,179		269,269		234,094		35,175
School administration								
Salaries	32	3,677		275,252		269,077		6,175
Employee benefits		2,425		104,468		101,131		3,337
Purchased services								
Other		8,550		8,550		6,180		2,370
Supplies		9,900		9,900		8,460		1,440
Other		2,031		2,164		2,094		70
Total school administration	46	6,583		400,334		386,942		13,392
Business services								
Salaries	9	3,448		93,448		93,448		ž.
Employee benefits	2	8,174		28,174		26,856		1,318
Purchased services								4 4=0
Other	1	0,000		10,000		8,521		1,479
Total business services	13	1,622		131,622		128,825		2,797
Operations and maintanance								
Operations and maintenance Salaries	24	1,950		232,671		246,772		(14,101)
Employee benefits		7,504		101,445		97,014		4,431
Purchased services	Ŭ	.,00.		,		.,		.,
Professional and technical		5,000		5,000		4,678		322
Property	4	6,300		46,300		32,367		13,933
Other		9,584		129,584		128,730		854
Supplies		4,247		164,247		135,398		28,849
Property		9,500		9,500		5,841		3,659
Other		230		200		360		(160)
Total operations and maintenance	69	4,315		688,947		651,160		37,787

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

9	Variance						
	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts					
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)			
Student transportation	-						
Salaries	\$ 76,388	\$ 131,078	\$ 134,421	\$ (3,343)			
Employee benefits	24,994	44,355	45,226	(871)			
Purchased services							
Professional and technical	1,850	1,850	838	1,012			
Property	7,750	7,750	4,238	3,512			
Other	11,825	11,825	4,017	7,808			
Supplies	51,810	51,810	31,029	20,781			
Property			7,830	(7,830)			
Other	100	100		100			
Total student transportation	174,717	248,768	227,599	21,169			
Central support							
Salaries	52,658	52,928	48,540	4,388			
Employee benefits	18,997	19,057	16,996	2,061			
Purchased services							
Professional and technical	10,000	10,000	6,343	3,657			
Property	900	900		900			
Other	58,200	58,200	50,665	7,535			
Supplies	51,350	42,734	30,158	12,576			
Property	100,974	29,523	20,774	8,749			
Total central support	293,079	213,342	173,476	39,866			
Other support services							
Purchased services							
Other	19,637	19,637	19,637	≔			
Total other support services	19,637	19,637	19,637	: E			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Debt Service					
Principal	\$ 40,147	\$ 40,147	\$ 49,113	• • •	
Interest	4,373	4,373	2,002	2,371	
Total debt service	44,520	44,520	51,115	(6,595)	
Appropriated reserves	1,956,193	2,128,114	-	2,128,114	
Total expenditures	7,162,778	7,725,848	5,284,766	2,441,082	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer to Lunch Fund	(30,000)		•		
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	(6,000)	(9,064)	(9,064)) =	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(36,000)	(39,064)	(39,064	-	
	*12				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,487,229)	(2,135,973)	439,989	2,575,962	
Fund balance, beginning	2,487,229	2,135,973	2,135,973		
Fund balance, ending	\$ -7	\$ -	\$ 2,575,962	\$ 2,575,962	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Lunch Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts	_	Variance Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues					
Local sources					
Lunch sales	\$ 47,000	\$ 5,447		\$ 5,197	
Earnings on investments Other	10 5,000	10 2,000	9 6,370	(1) 4,370	
Total local sources	52,010	7,457	17,023	9,566	
State sources					
State Matching Grant	1,500	1,800	1,800	7 = 5	
Smart Food Grant	800				
School Lunch Protection	1,800			**	
Total state sources	4,100	1,800	1,800		
Federal sources					
National School Lunch Program	85,000				
National School Breakfast Program	35,000				
Summer Lunch Program	44054	160,470		16,749	
Donated commodities	14,351	14,351		177	
Cares Act Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Grant	312	19,530	19,550		
Total federal sources	134,663	194,351	211,277	16,926	
Total revenues	190,773	203,608	230,100	26,492	
Total revenues	190,773	200,000	200,100	20,402	
Expenditures					
Food Service			04.000	(4.004)	
Salaries	89,734	89,398		(1,694)	
Employee benefits Purchased services	27,344	20,698	21,657	(959)	
Professional and technical	1,000	500		500	
Other	1,000	6,000		1,656	
Food and milk	79,132	91,211		(5,357)	
Commodities used	14,351	14,351		(178)	
Supplies	8,212	11,450	12,673	(1,223)	
Property					
Other			75	(75)	
Appropriated reserves	14,786	11,854		11,854	
Total expenditures	235,559	245,462	240,938	4,524	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)	30,000	30,000	30,000	:=:	
Transition in (out)	00,000	00,000	20,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	30,000	30,000	30,000		
Excess of revenues and other sources over			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2121	
(under) expenditures and other uses	(14,786.00)) (11,854) 19,162	31,016	
Fund balance, beginning	14,786	11,854	11,854	æ.	
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$	\$ 31,016	\$ 31,016	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – The accounting policies of the Montezuma County School District RE-6 ("District") conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to school districts. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements of Interpretations).

The following significant accounting policies were applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity - The Montezuma County School District RE-6 Board of Education ("Board") is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to public education in the town of Mancos, Colorado. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 14,39 and 61, which are included in the District's reporting entity.

Fund Accounting – The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and in the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

Governmental Funds- are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds). The following are the District's governmental funds:

General Fund- is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for programs funded by certain capital outlay expenditures, food service expenditures, extracurricular athletic and other pupil activities, and insurance transactions.

Lunch Fund – is used to account for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Student Activity Fund – is used to account for the financial transactions related to the student activities of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

Debt Service Fund- is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of the BEST general obligation bonds principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund- the Capital Projects Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and expenditure of resources for capital improvements within the District.

Basis of Presentation-

District-wide Financial Statements- The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the district-wide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements- Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

Basis of Accounting – determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues- Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions- Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within 60 days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

Unearned Revenues- arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Pensions- The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Within the Next Thirty Years. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Some, but not all, of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2021.

OPEB- The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Expenses/Expenditures- On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balances as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting – The District is required by Colorado Statutes to adopt annual budgets for all funds. Each budget is prepared on the same basis (U.S. GAAP basis) as that used for accounting purposes.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to June 1, the Superintendent's staff submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.

The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Education. However, the Board can review and change the adopted budget through December 31.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year. Following is a

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

summary of the original budget, total revisions and revised budget for those funds with amended budgets in fiscal year 2021.

	Original Budget		Total Revisions	Revised Budget
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 7,162,778	\$	563,070	\$ 7,725,848
Lunch Fund	235,559		9,903	245,462
Student Activity Fund	251,468		2,391	253,859
Debt Service Fund	708,090		10,190	718,280
Capital Projects Fund	72,097		3,064	75,161

Appropriations are adopted by resolution for each fund in total and lapse at the end of each year. Over-expenditures are not deemed to exist unless the fund as a total has expenditures in excess of appropriations.

Encumbrance Accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the District as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are cancelled and represent neither a liability nor a reservation of equity.

Short-term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables - During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the District-wide statement of net assets and, classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

Inventories - Inventories in the Lunch Fund consists of both expendable supplies held for consumption and the cost of goods held for resale, the cost of which is recorded as an expense as they are used. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out concept.

Capital Assets – General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statements of net assets and in the respective fund financial statements.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description
Buildings and Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Vehicles

Governmental
Activities
Estimated Lives
20-50 Years
5-15 Years
8 Years

Property Tax Revenue Recognition - of the District is recognized when the Montezuma County Treasurer collects it, on behalf of the District. The property tax is levied in December of the year prior to the year the taxes are collected on all taxable property located in the District. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 of each year, are due on or before June 15 and are delinquent on June 16.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacations and Sick Pay- Vacations for twelve month non-professional employees is two weeks per year after the completion of one year on the job and three weeks per year after the completion of five years on the job. Vacations normally must be taken during the summer months unless special arrangements are made with the immediate supervisor. Vacation time may be accrued and carried over for two years at which time any unused vacation time lapses.

Certified employees will receive ten sick days on the first day of employment to accrue annually to a maximum of sixty days. Support staff employees will begin accruing sick leave on the first day of employment at the rate of one day per month of service, to a maximum of sixty days. A sick leave bank is available to all participating employees.

Personal leave shall be granted at the rate of two days per year, non-accumulative. Personal leave must be approved by the superintendent after being recommended by the immediate supervisor of the employee.

Vacation time, sick leave and personal leave do not vest or accumulate with the employees, that is, the employees have no right to be paid for any of these if not taken in the time indicated, or if they terminate. Under generally accepted accounting principles, there is, therefore, no expense or liability included in the financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and General Long-Term Obligations- All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, compensated absences, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payment made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Governmental Fund Balances- In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable- Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes the amount of inventory held in the Lunch Fund.

Restricted- Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. This includes the District's TABOR reserve for emergencies, amounts restricted for debt service, food service and amounts restricted for the major upgrade of the District's facilities.

Committed- Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Board of Education the District's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned- Amounts that are designated by the Board of Education for a particular purpose but are not spendable until appropriated. This includes assignments for subsequent year's expenditures.

Unassigned- All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Use of Restricted Resources- When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted of unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other less-restrictive classifications- committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Net Position- Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Inter-fund Transactions- Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

2. Cash and Investments - Cash and investments consist of the following:

Demand accounts Certificates of deposit Colotrust Treasury Bill	\$ 184,979 621,558 2,444,036 5,782
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,256,355

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) governs the District's cash deposits. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance on deposits held. Each eligible depository with deposits in excess of the insured levels must pledge a collateral pool of defined eligible assets, to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all of its local government depositors as a group, with a market value at least 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and savings and loan associations are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and the reporting of uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

Colorado statutes define eligible investments for local governments. These include bonds and other interest-bearing obligations of or guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies, bonds which are direct obligations of the State of Colorado or any of its political subdivisions, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and local government investment pools.

At June 30, 2021, the District had investments in one local governmental investment pool, the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST). COLOTRUST is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. COLOTRUST is routinely monitored by the Colorado Division of Securities with regard to its operations and investments, which are also subject to provisions of C.R.S. Title 24, Article 75, and Section 6. The fair value of the investments in COLOTRUST is the same as the value of the pool shares. None of these types of investments are categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm from Standard and Poor's. Financial statements for COLOTRUST may be obtained at www.colotrust.com. The District also invested in one US Treasury Bill. The difference between its carrying amount and market value is immaterial and therefore, not recorded on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

The District records interest revenue related to investment activities in the fund that holds the investments.

At June 30, the District had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

				Inve	stment Mat	urities (in ye	ars)
	Carrying			Less than			More than
Investment Type	Value	Fai	r Value	1	1-5	6-10	10
Investment Pools COLOTRUST Treasury Bill	\$ 2,444,036 5,782	\$	2,444,036 8,445		\$ 8,445		
Total	\$ 2,449,818	\$	2,452,481				

The District does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help to manage its exposure to fair value loss from increasing interest rates.

3. Federal and State Administered Grants – are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and, accordingly, when such funds are received they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned. Receivables and deferred revenues are as follows:

Receivables			Deferred Revenues
\$	14,382		
	245,171		
	33,805		
		\$	19,886
		_	10.000
<u>\$</u>	293,358	\$	19,886
\$	26,682	i.	
		\$ 14,382 245,171 33,805 \$ 293,358	\$ 14,382 245,171 33,805 \$ \$ 293,358 \$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

4. Capital Assets — Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 follows:

	Capital Assets July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions Inventory Adjustments/ Transfers	Capital Assets June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 652,468			\$ 652,468
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Equipment	32,222,146 1,280,772	\$ 6,800	100	32,222,146 1,287,572
Total capital assets being depreciated	33,502,918	6,800		33,509,718
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Equipment	(5,687,447) (962,241)	(1,147,811) (61,447)		(6,835,258) (1,023,688)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,649,688)	(1,209,258)		(7,858,946)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	26,853,230	(1,202,458)		25,650,772
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 27,505,698	\$ (1,202,458)	\$ -	\$ 26,303,240

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the following governmental programs:

Transportation	\$ 32,601
Food Service	5,380
Unallocated	1,171,277
Total depreciation-governmental activities	\$ 1,209,258

5. Defined Benefit Pension Plan -

Plan description- Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2020. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2020, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formulas shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2021. Eligible employees, of the District and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq and C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2020 Through	
	June 30, 2021	
Employer Contribution Rate	10.90%	
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%	
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%	
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	4.50%	
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	5.50%	
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF	19.88%	

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020 for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$579,649 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on District contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of the participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

Due to the aforementioned suspension of the July 1, 2020, direct distribution payment, the nonemployer contributing entity's proportion is zero percent. Pursuant to C.R.S. §24-51-414, the direct distribution payment from the State of Colorado is to recommence annually starting on July 1, 2021. For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$7,703,689 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 7,703,689

The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District

Total \$ 7,703,689

At December 31, 2020, the District's proportion was .0509571228 percent, which was an increase of .00235 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$(2,048,655) and no revenue for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				 erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	423,279			
Changes in assumptions		741,071	\$ 1,294,925		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			1,695,757		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions		380,902	197,093		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		321,828			
Total	\$	1,867,080	\$ 3,187,775		

\$321,828 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (1,368,623)
2023	266,954
2024	(278,160)
2025	(262,694)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 - 9.70 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

Discount rate 7.25 percent

Post-retirement benefit increases:

PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07;

and DPS Benefit Structure (compounded annually) 1.25 percent

PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06¹

Financed by the AIR

1 Post -retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table adjusted as follows:

Males- Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Females- Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2015 as well as, the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016 Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020 and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70% 3.00%
Wage inflation Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases: PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07	1.25%

and DPS benefit structure (compounded

PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06¹ Financed by the

AIR

Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consisted of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.

Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded. HB 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020, for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.

Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve of the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.

Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	- 1
Proportionate share of the net	\$10,508,463	\$7,703,689	\$5,366,389	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

6. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Voluntary Investment Program

pension liability

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S. as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Plan. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District has not agreed to match employee contributions. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2021, program members contributed \$80,716 to the Voluntary Investment Program.

7. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan description- Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$29,730 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021 the District reported a liability of \$280,209 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2020. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2020, the District proportion was .0295 percent, which was an increase of .0023 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(25,913). At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Infl of Resource	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	744	\$	61,603
Changes in assumptions		2,094		17,182
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				11,450
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions		10,008		27,717
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		16,502		
Total	\$	29,348	\$	117,952

\$16,502 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (23,267)
2023	(21,666)
2024	(22,725)
2025	(23.965)
2026	(12,279)
2027	(1,204)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Discount rate 7.25 percent

Health care cost trend rates PERA benefit structure:

Service-based premium subsidy 0.00 percent

PERACare Medicare plans 8.10% in 2020, gradually

decreasing to 4.50% in 2029

Medicare Part A premiums 3.50% in 2020,

gradually rising to 4.50%

in 2029

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2019 valuation,, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2020 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

	Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A		
Medicare Plan	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted
Medicare Advantage/Self-	\$588	\$227	\$550
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	621	232	586

The 2020 Medicare Part A premium is \$458 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and heuristics developed by health plan actuaries and administrators, and projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare	Medicare Part
Year	Medicare Plans	Α
2020	8.10%	3.50%
2021	6.40%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	4.00%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Post-retirement mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93
 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates
 for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

Mortality assumptions for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period of January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

	Trust Fund						
	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division			
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age			
Price inflation	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%			
Real wage growth	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%			
Wage inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%			
Salary increases, including wage inflation:							
Members other than State Troopers	3.30%-10.90%	3.40%-11.00%	3.20%-11.30%	2.80%-5.30%			
State Troopers	3.20%-12.40%	N/A	3.20%-12.40% ¹	N/A			

¹ C.R.S. § 24-51-101 (46), as amended, expanded the definition of "State Troopers" to include certain employees within the Local Government Division, effective January 1, 2020. See Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements in PERA's 2020 Annual Report for more information.

The long-term rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation and discount rate assumptions were 7.25 percent.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

Mortality assumptions used in the roll forward calculations for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF, using a headcount-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 90 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 107 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
 - Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premiumfree Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the thencurrent expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by the Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in
	Trend Rates		Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	272,966	280,209	288,640

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2020, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the
 active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan
 members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total
 covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
 - Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	320,984	280,209	245,369

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

8. Accrued Salaries – Certified instructors of the District are contracted for nine months annually between Labor Day and June 1. These instructors, while only working nine months, are paid for their services in twelve equal monthly installments. On June 30 of each year they have completed their entire contract, but have only received 10/12 of the related compensation with the difference to be paid over the summer break. The difference, totaling \$445,974, is reflected as an accrued expense at June 30.

9. General Long Term Debt-

Capital Lease- In fiscal year 2011 the District entered into a lease agreement for energy saving heating and cooling equipment. The lease is payable in 48 quarterly payments varying from \$7,950 to \$12,870, including interest at 5.701% beginning on January 15, 2010. The equipment is included in the capital assets at a cost of \$315,972, with accumulated depreciation of \$151,476. The lease is serviced by the General Fund and the equipment serves as collateral. All payment

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>June 30, 2021</u>

obligations of the District are subject to annual appropriation by the Board of Education. The lease was fully paid in the current year.

2017 General Obligation Bonds Payable- In November of 2017, the voters of the District approved the issuance of \$4,950,000 of general obligation bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of providing matching money for the State of Colorado Building Excellent Schools Today (BEST) grant program. The proceeds, along with the grant funds will be used for the major renovation and construction of District facilities. The bonds are payable in annual installments and bear interest at 3.43 percent. The repayment of the bonds is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Prinicipal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 194,958	\$ 147,601	\$ 342,559
2023	201,646	140,799	342,445
2024	208,563	133,763	342,326
2025	215,717	126,486	342,203
2026	223,117	118,960	342,077
2027-2031	1,235,778	472,544	1,708,322
2032-2036	1,462,782	241,646	1,704,428
2037-2038	657,772	22,754	680,526
Total	\$ 4,400,333	\$ 1,404,553	\$ 5,804,886

Changes in Long-Term Debt- A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

Description	Beginning Balance		Issued	 Retired		Ending Balance		
Capital Lease General Obligation Bonds	\$	49,113 4,588,826		\$ 49,113 188,493	\$	- 4,400,333		
Total	\$	4,637,939	\$ -	\$ 237,606	\$	4,400,333		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

10. Inter-fund Operating Transfers— Transfers consist of amounts transferred to supplement revenues. All transfers are done on a routine basis. Transfers for the year ended June 30 are as follows:

	:	In		Out
<u>Transfers</u> General Fund			\$	39,064
Lunch Fund	\$	30,000	Ψ	33,004
Capital Projects Fund		9,064		
Total	\$	39,064	\$	39,064

The transfers were made for the purpose of subsidizing the receiving fund.

11. Fund Balance Restrictions and Assignments – Restricted indicates that a portion of the fund balance can only be spent for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Assigned indicates amounts that are designated for a specific purpose by the Board of Education but are not spendable until appropriated. The District uses the following restrictions and assignments:

Non-spendable

Inventory- indicates that the portion of fund balance represented by inventories is not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date. Non-spendable fund balance related to inventory consists of \$3,280 in the Lunch Fund.

Restricted

TABOR – indicates that a portion of the fund balance has been segregated for expenditures for declared emergencies only. Fund balance reserved for emergencies consists of \$165,000 in the General Fund.

Student Activities- indicates that the fund balance in the Student Activity Fund is restricted for student activities within the District. Fund balance restricted for student activities consists of \$89,215 in the Student Activity Fund.

Debt Service- indicates the amount of fund balance that is restricted for the repayment of the District's outstanding general obligation bonds. Fund balance restricted for debt service consists of \$353,447 in the Debt Service Fund

Food Service- indicates the amount of fund balance that is restricted for the food service operations of the District. Fund balance restricted for food service consists of \$27,736 in the Lunch Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Assigned

Assigned for future expenditures – indicates anticipated fund balance available for appropriation in the next budget year. Fund balances assigned for future expenditures consist of the following:

General Fund	\$ 2,410,962
Capital Projects Fund	69,061
	·
Total	\$ 2,480,023

12. Risk Management — The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (The Pool). The Pool was formed in 1981 to provide member school districts and related educational facilities with defined property and liability coverage through joint self-insurance and excess insurance. The District pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage. The Pool is self-sustaining through member premiums and obtains excess insurance to limit per occurrence exposure to \$250,000.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. There have been no settled claims that have exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant decreases in insurance coverage from the prior year.

13. Tax, Spending, and Debt Limitations — Colorado Voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. On November 5, 1996 the people of the District voted to authorize the spending of all monies in existing funds and to collect, retain, and expend the full revenue, including state grants and taxes, generated during fiscal year 1997 and for each subsequent year regardless of any limitation contained in Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with all other requirements of the amendment. However, the District has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>June 30, 2021</u>

14. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities – There were no commitments or contingent liabilities at June 30.

Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2021

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

Such information includes:

Pension Schedules
Schedule of District Contributions
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

OPEB Schedules
Schedule of District Contributions
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

MONTEZUMA COUNTY (MANCOS) SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-6 Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Pension Contributions June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 359,412	\$ 399,885	\$ 428,894	\$ 447,771	\$ 471,647	\$ 525,130	\$ 579,413	\$ 579,649
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	359,412	399,885	428,894	447,771	471,647	525,130	579,413	579,649
Contibution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,146,077	\$ 2,369,569	\$ 2,420,231	\$ 2,437,049	\$ 2,497,157	\$ 2,745,059	\$ 2,989,743	\$ 2,914,688
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.75%	16.88%	17.72%	18.37%	18.89%	19.13%	19.38%	19.89%

Information is not available for years prior to 2014

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 5 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District OPEB Contributions June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 24,858	\$ 25,471	\$ 27,999	\$ 30,495	\$ 29,730	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	24,858	25,471	27,999	30,495	29,730	
Contibution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,437,049	\$ 2,497,157	\$ 2,745,059	\$ 2,989,743	\$ 2,914,688	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	

Information is not available for years prior to 2017

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 7 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0532%	0.05532%	0.05531%	0.05423%	0,05330%	0.04870%	0.04861%	0.05096%
District's share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,790,133	\$ 7,497,635	\$ 8,459,955	\$ 16,145,661	\$ 17,235,415	\$ 8,615,755	\$ 7,262,561	\$ 7,703,689
District's share of State's share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contibuting entity						\$ 1,178,085	\$ 921,163	-
Total						\$ 9,793,840	\$ 8,183,724	\$ 7,703,689
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,146,077	\$ 2,318,599	\$ 2,410,588	\$ 2,433,836	\$ 2,458,678	\$ 2,674,946	\$ 2,855,044	\$ 2,726,953
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	316.40%	323,37%	350.95%	663.38%	701.00%	322.09%	286.64%	282.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.84%	64.07%	59.20%	75.84%	43.96%	57.01%	64.52%	66.99%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year that occurred within the fiscal year

Information is not available for years prior to 2014

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
See Note 5 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Last 10 Years

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.03080%	0.03030%	0.03160%	0.03175%	0.02949%
District's share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 399,639	\$ 393,582	\$ 430,304	\$ 356,896	\$ 280,209
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,437,049	\$ 2,497,157	\$ 2,674,946	\$ 2,855,044	\$ 2,726,953
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.40%	15.76%	16.09%	12.50%	10.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	20.07%	21.25%	17.03%	24.49%	32.78%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year that occurred within the fiscal year

Information is not available for years prior to 2017

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

See Note 7 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.

Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2021

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, or a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

These statements and schedules include:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules
Debt Service Fund
Capital Projects Funds
Capital Projects Fund
Student Activity Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	An	nounts				Variance Favorable
		Original		Final	_	Actual	<u>(L</u>	Infavorable)
Revenues								
Local sources								
Current property taxes	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$	352,848	\$	(22,152)
Delinquent taxes and interest on taxes				1,301		1,692		391
Earnings on investments		1,500		851		450		(401)
Total revenues	-	376,500		377,152		354,990		(22,162)
Expenditures								
Debt Service		400 400		400 400		400 400		
Principal		188,493		188,493		188,493		-
Interest		154,178		154,178		154,178		275 600
Appropriated reserves		365,419		375,609				375,609
Total expenditures		708,090		718,280		342,671		375,609
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		(331,590)		(341,128)		12,319		353,447
Excess revenues over (ander) expenditures		(001,000)		(0 11,120)		,		,
Fund balance, beginning		331,590		341,128		341,128		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	1961	\$	((\$	353,447	\$	353,447

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance Favorable
		Original		Final	_	Actual	_(U	Infavorable)
Revenues								
Local sources								
Earnings on investments	\$	50	\$	50	\$	64	\$	14
Total local sources		50		50		64		14
Total revenues	8	50		50		64		14
Expenditures Operations and plant maintenance Purchased services		4.500		0.004		0.004		
Property		1,500		2,894		2,894		2,950
Supplies Appropriated reserves		4,500 66,097		6,170 66,097		3,220		66,097
Total expenditures	:	72,097		75,161		6,114		69,047
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)		6,000		9,064		9,064		Æ
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	6,000		9,064		9,064		
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(66,047)		(66,047)		3,014		69,061
Fund balance, beginning		66,047		66,047		66,047		320
Fund balance, ending	\$		\$	1)=1	\$	69,061	\$	69,061

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual Student Activity Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Local sources				
Earnings on investments			\$ 42	\$ 42
Miscellaneous	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000	72,007	(107,993)
Total local sources	180,000	180,000	72,049	(107,951)
Total revenues	180,000	180,000	72,049	(107,951)
Expenditures Instruction				
Other	180,000	180,000	56,693	123,307
Appropriated reserves	71,468	73,859		73,859
Total expenditures	251,468	253,859	56,693	197,166
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(71,468)	(73,859)	15,356	89,215
Fund balance, beginning	71,468	73,859	73,859	Œ
Fund Balance, end of the year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,215	\$ 89,215

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY OVERSIGHT AUTHORITIES

Majors and Haley, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 1478 Cortez, CO 81321 (970) 565-9521 Fax: (970) 565-9441

Chris L. Majors, CPA, MT

Lori Hasty Haley, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 Mancos, Colorado 81328

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 14, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less

severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Majors and Haley, P.C.

al Hahrec.

September 14, 2021

Majors and Haley, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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Chris L. Majors, CPA, MT

Lori Hasty Haley, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 Mancos. Colorado 81328

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, an Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Majors and Haley, P.C.

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September 14, 2021

MANCOS SCHOOL Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Federal Expenditures(\$)
CCDF Cluster-Cluster			
Department of Health and Human Services			
		Colorado Department of	
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Human Services	\$ 4,500
Total Department of Health and Human Services			4,500
Total CCDF Cluster-Cluster			4,500
Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			
United States Department of Agriculture			
National School Lunch Program			
		Colorado Department of	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	Education,4555	19,530
· ·		Colorado Department of	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	Human Services	14,529
Total National School Lunch Program			34,059
Summer Food Service Program for Children			
Summer rood service rrogium for omaren		Colorado Department of	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Education,4559	177,219
Total United States Department of Agriculture	10,000	244041.011, 1000	211,278
Total Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			211,278
Other Programs			211,270
Department of Education			
Department of Education		Colorado Department of	
Title I Crants to Legal Educational Agencies	84.010	Education.4010	120,209
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Rural Education	84.358	Education,4010	33,738
	04.330	Colorado Department of	55,730
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly	84.367	Education,4367	21,094
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	04.307	Colorado Department of	21,094
Charles Carrent and Academic Frairle many Dunguer	04.434	•	10,000
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	Education,4424	10,000
Education Stabilization Fund Under The Coronavirus Aid,		Colorado Department of	245 474
Relief, And Economic Security Act	84.425	Education,4414	245,171
Education Stabilization Fund Under The Coronavirus Aid,		Colorado Department of	
Relief,And Economic Security Act	84.425	Education,4420	207,089
Total Education Stabilization Fund Under The Coronavirus Aid,			
Relief,And Economic Security Act			452,260
Total Department of Education			637,301
Department of the Treasury			
		Colorado Department of	
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Education,4012	348,902
		Colorado Department of	
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Education,5012	14,384
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund			363,286
Total Department of the Treasury			363,286
Total Other Programs			1,000,587
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,216,365

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Organization

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 for the year ended June 20, 2021. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other governmental agencies, are included on the schedule.

Basis Of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Indirect Costs

The District has not elected to use the 10% *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance, Section 414.

Food Distribution

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Sub-recipients

Montezuma County (Mancos) School District RE-6 had no sub-recipients of federal funds for the year ended June 30, 2021.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section 1- Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued Internal control over financial rep	oorting:		Unmodifie	d Opinion	
Material weakness(es) identified	d?	1	_yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identi not considered to be material		<u> </u>	yes	X	_no
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major progi	rams:				
Material weakness(es) identifie	d?		yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identi	fied				
not considered to be material	weaknesses?) 	_yes	X	no_
Type of auditors' report issued o	n compliance				
for major programs:			Unmodifie	d Opinion	
Any audit findings disclosed that	are required				
to be reported in accordance w	ith				
Uniform Guidance		9	_yes	X	_no
Identification of major programs	:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Prog	gram or Clus	ter	_	
84.425	Education Stabilizatio	n Fund Und	er the Coroi	navirus	
	Aid Relief, and Econo	omic Securi	ty Act		
84.010	Title I Grants to Local	Education A	Agencies		
Dollar threshold to distringuish b	etween				
Type A and Type B programs:			\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud (single audit not required in price		,	_yes	X	_no
Section 2- Findings under Genera	lly Accepted Governm	nent Auditin	g Standards	;	
There were no findings required	to he reported under	Gonerally A	ccented Gov	ernment	

There were no findings required to be reported under Generally Accepted Government **Auditing Standards**

Section 3- Findings and Questioned Costs Under Uniform Guidance

There were no findings or questioned cost for federal awards as defined in the Uniform Guidance.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no prior year findings or questioned costs noted that were reportable under the Uniform Guidance criteria.

SCHEDULE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no audit findings to be included in the current audit report; therefore, a corrective action plan is not necessary.





Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report District: 2070 - Mancos Re-6 Fiscal Year 2020-21 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other 0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*)
Governmental	+	Sources Uses	nses -	Ending Fund Balance
10 General Fund	2,123,114	5,518,828	5,086,747	2,555,194
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	O	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	12,859	205,928	198,019	20,768
Sub- Total	2,135,973	5,724,758	5,284,766	2,575,962
11 Charter School Fund	0	0		0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	Ö	0		0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	O	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	11,854	260,100	240,939	31,015
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	73,859	72,049	56,693	89,215
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	ĬO	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	O
31 Bond Redemption Fund	341,128	354,990	342,671	353,447
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	0	0	0	0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	66,047	9,127	6,114	69,061
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	2,628,860	6,421,022	5,931,182	3,118,700
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0		0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals			() () () () () () () () () ()	
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0		0
73 Agency Fund	0	0		0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	00,	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals				O THE STREET STREET, S
		FINAL		

*If you have a prior period adjustment in any fund (Balance Sheet 6880), the amount of your priorperiod adjustment is added into both your ending and beginning fund balances on this report.

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